1 The Honorable Benjamin H. Settle 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 9 AT TACOMA 10 11 BEL LEWIS RIDGE, LLC, Case No. 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT 12 Plaintiff, STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER 13 v. 14 CERTAINTEED CORPORATION, 15 Defendant. 16 17 COME NOW Plaintiff Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC and Defendant CertainTeed Corporation (collectively, the "Parties"), by and through their counsel of record, and present the following 18 19 Stipulated Protective Order: 20 1. **PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS.** Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or 21 22 private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the Parties 23 hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The 24 parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public 25

disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No.: 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT - 1

SELMAN BREITMAN LLP 600 University Street, Suite 1800 Seattle, WA 98101 T: 206.447.6461 F:206.588.4185

2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal. Further, nothing in this protective order is to be construed as a waiver of a parties' right to assert any objection to a discovery request and withhold any document on the basis of a valid objection.

2. <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL</u>.

- 2.1 "Confidential" material shall include documents and tangible things from among the following categories, or other information that a party genuinely maintains as private or confidential independent of this litigation:
 - a. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's product designs, formulas and/or specifications;
 - b. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's manufacturing processes or procedures;
 - Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's sales and financial data related to CertainTeed WeatherBoards Fiber Cement Siding;
 - d. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's personnel records;
 - e. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's merchandising and/or marketing plans or strategies;
 - f. Documents which contain information about any CertainTeed customer, including individual employees as well as entities;
 - g. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's agreements, sales data, and customer lists;
 - h. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's product distribution network;
 - i. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's product distribution network;
 - j. Documents which contain personal identifying information of a person who has made a warranty claim related to a CertainTeed product;
 - k. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed's claims handling methods, processes, and/or policies;

- Documents or things which belong to a third-party to this
 action that (i) a producing party has in its possession, custody,
 or control that have been designated as confidential pursuant to
 a protective order entered in other legal proceedings and (ii) the
 producing party has in its possession, custody, or control solely
 because of discovery or other disclosures in the other legal
 proceedings made pursuant to the protective order;
- m. Documents which constitute or describe CertainTeed patents, patent applications, or trade secrets;
- n. Documents which contain personal identifying information of an individual;
- o. Documents or things which belong to a third-party to this action which contain proprietary or trade secrets, such as architectural drawings and specifications;
- p. Documents which constitute or describe the financial data of Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC, Lewis Ridge Apartments, Clearfork Realty Corporation or Eaton Vance Management, including any members, officers or employees thereof;
- q. Documents which constitute or describe the personnel records of Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC, Lewis Ridge Apartments, Clearfork Realty Corporation, Eaton Vance Management or Eaton Vance Corporation;
- Documents which describe the marketing plans or strategies of Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC, Lewis Ridge Apartments, Clearfork Realty Corporation, Eaton Vance Management or Eaton Vance Corporation;
- s. Documents which contain any personal data identifiers (date of birth, address, telephone number, social security numbers, names of minor children, social security numbers, financial accounting information, and driver's license numbers) from all documents about any resident of the Lewis Ridge Apartments or any other facility owned and/or operated by Clearfork Realty Corporation;
- t. Documents which constitute or describe agreements and customer, vendor or resident lists of Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC, Lewis Ridge Apartments, Clearfork Realty Corporation, Eaton Vance Management or Eaton Vance Corporation;

9 10

11

1213

1415

16

17

18 19

20

2122

23

2425

26

u. Documents which constitute or describe appraisals performed by or for Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC, Lewis Ridge Apartments, Clearfork Realty Corporation, Eaton Vance Management or Eaton Vance Corporation relating to the Lewis Ridge Apartments.

2.2 By making or agreeing to a designation of Confidential material, the parties do not concede the relevance or availability of such material nor waive any valid objection to the production of such categories of material. Likewise, the parties do not concede that such material is entitled to be filed under seal.

3. **SCOPE**

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only Confidential material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Confidential material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Confidential material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal Confidential material.

However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

- 4.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A receiving party may use Confidential material that is disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.
- 4.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:
 - (a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as

employees of cour	nsel to whom	it is reasonably	necessary to
disclose the inforr	nation for thi	s litigation;	

- (b) if the receiving party is not a natural person, then the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so designated;
- (c) the receiving party, if the receiving party is a natural person;
- (d) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
- (e) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;
- (f) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of Confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service instructs the service not to disclose any Confidential material to third parties and to immediately return all originals and copies of any Confidential material;
- (g) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Confidential material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this agreement;
- (h) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.
- 4.3 <u>Filing Confidential Material</u>. Before filing Confidential material or discussing or referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the

24

25

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue, and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal. Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this agreement, or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must be clearly so designated before or when the material is

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No.: 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT - 6 1 disclosed or produced.

- (a) <u>Information in documentary form</u>: (e.g., paper or electronic documents and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains Confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).
- (b) <u>Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings</u>: the parties must identify on the record, during the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or nonparty may, within fifteen (15) days after receiving a deposition transcript, designate portions of the transcript, or exhibits thereto, as confidential.
- (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).
- 5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party's right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to

challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

- 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer.</u> The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.
- 6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with the Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. The parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.

If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party must:

- (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the subpoena or court order;
- (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

3

45

6

7

8

10

1112

13

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

2425

26

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the designating party whose Confidential material may be affected.

8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Confidential material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving party must immediately:

- (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures;
- (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material;
- (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement; and
- (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

9. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> PROTECTED MATERIAL.

When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. Parties agree to the entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502 (d) as set forth herein.

10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS.

Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving party must return all Confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of

1 destruction along with a certification that such Confidential material was destroyed. 2 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all 3 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence, 4 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work 5 product, even if such materials contain Confidential material. 6 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a 7 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise. 8 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD. 9 DATED this 10TH day of September, 2019. 10 11 12 SCHLEMLEIN FICK & SCRUGGS PLLC SELMAN BREITMAN LLP 13 /s/ Kevin S. MacDougal (signed by Eileen /s/ Eileen I. McKillop 14 I. McKillop with email authorization) Eileen I. McKillop, WSBA #21602 15 600 University Street, Suite 1800 Garth A. Schlemlein, WSBA #13637 Seattle, WA 98101 16 Telephone: 206.447.6461 Kevin S. MacDougall, WSBA #31280 Benjamin W. Lance, WSBA #52657 emckillop@selmanlaw.com 17 66 S. Hanford Street, Suite 300 Attorneys for Defendant CertainTeed 18 Seattle, WA 98134 Corporation Telephone: 206.488.8100 19 gas@soslaw.com ksm@soslaw.com 20 bwl@soslaw.com 21 Attorneys for Plaintiff Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC 22 23 24 25 26

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
Case No.: 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT - 10 600

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any documents in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other privilege or protection recognized by law.

DATED: September 12, 2019

Mary Alice Theiler

United States Magistrate Judge

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No.: 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT - 11 SELMAN BREITMAN LLP 600 University Street, Suite 1800 Seattle, WA 98101 T: 206.447.6461 F:206.588.4185

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	
4	I, [print or type full name], or
5	[print or type full address], declare under penalty or
6	perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
7	issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the
8	case of Bel Lewis Ridge, LLC v. CertainTeed Corporation, Case No. 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT
9	I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and
10	understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and
11	punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner
12	any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity
13	except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
14	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
15	Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
16	Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.
17	Date:
18	City and State where sworn and signed:
19	Printed name:
20	Signature:
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No.: 3:19-cv-05587-BHS-MAT - 12